

Webinar – Session 2 A guide to delivering a successful tobacco dependency treatment service

Thursday 3rd March 2022

Speakers – Webinar 2, 3rd March 2022

Planning the Programme

 Jo Coleman, Quality Improvement Lead, Gateshead Health NHS Foundation Trust, has successfully project managed both the acute & maternity tobacco dependency service over in Gateshead

Education and Training

- Melanie Perry, Project Manager BTS Tobacco Dependency Project
- Arran Woodhouse, Lead Tobacco Dependence Specialist, King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust & a member of the BTS tobacco Special Advisory Group





Acute Tobacco Stop Smoking Service. Project management

Joanne Coleman

Quality Improvement Lead Nurse

joanne.coleman5@nhs.net



- Aims and Vision for the project
- Current state map
- Data collection
- Driver diagram
- Key stake holders/ sponsor
- Future state
- Implementation plan
- Business case
- PDSA

Aims and Vision for the project



- Our vision for Gateshead would be a single service spanning sectors and specialities with a hospital based team able to flex to the needs of the patient groups.
- Gateshead to be smoke free by 2030.



Current State



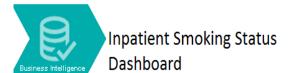
The Scale of the Current Problem

According to Action on Smoking and Health (ASH) the estimated annual cost to the NHS in Gateshead due to smoking related hospital admissions alone is estimated at £9.8 million (https://ash.org.uk/ash-ready-reckoner/) for the following reasons:

- Smokers make up 16% of acute adult admissions and are more likely to have a prolonged LOS and have a higher readmission rate.
- Our patients are more likely to suffer complications, medical and surgical, and have more severe forms of chronic diseases.
- One person dies in Gateshead every 16 hours from a smoking related disease.
- Patients with Mental Health problems have >15 years reduced life expectancy because of the correlation with tobacco dependence – their premature deaths are caused by smoking related diseases.
- Smoking remains is the single most important modifiable risk factor in reducing still birth rates.
- The Covid19 pandemic has widened health inequalities vastly and tackling smoking is an achievable way of working to reduce these and needs to be tackled urgently, eg there has been a 70% regional reduction in referral to stop smoking services from maternity since Covid.

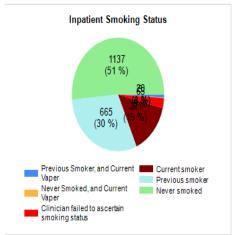
Data Collection

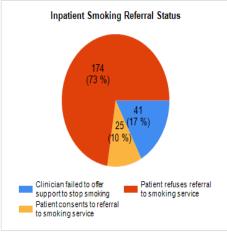












3	Data Element	Data Item Description	Format	(Nation al where applica	Code Definition (National Code definition where applicable)	Mandatory (M) I Mandatory Where Relevant (R)	Additional Validation Rules and comments	
1	ENTERED ONCE PER SUBMISSI	ON						
5	TRUST CODE	The ODS code of the Trust where the service is being delivered	min an3 max an5		https://datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_elements/organisation_identifiercode_of _providerhtml	м	All organisations must enter their organisation ODS code.	
6	COMPLETE SMOKING STATUS II	Number of people with a completed smoking status (any category) in the reporting month reported for all Admitted Patient Care - inpatient admirzione.	max n5			М	Only to be submitted when an inpatient tobacco dependence treatment service is being delivered by the provider	
7	COMPLETE SMOKING STATUS I	Number of people with a completed smoking status (any category) in the reporting month reported for all maternity bookings	max n5			М	Only to be submitted when a maternity tobacco dependence treatment service is being delivered by the provider	
3	COMPLETE SMOKING STATUS O	Number of people with a completed smoking status (any category) in the reporting month reported for all first outpatient attendances	max n5			М	Only to be submitted when an outpatient tobacco dependence treatment service is being delivered by the provider	
9		Number of people with a completed smoking status (any category) in the reporting month reported for all first community care contacts	max n5			м	Only to be submitted when a community tobacco dependence treatment service is being delivered by the provider	
0	ENTERED FOR EVERY RECORD	LEVEL SUBMISSION	(Submit :	all possib	le fields for those referred to the tobacco dependence adviser.	Submit demograp	hics for smokers (including e-cigarette users and	
	NHS NUMBER	A number used to identify a PATIENT uniquely within the NHS in England and Wales	an10		https://datadictionary.nhs.uk/attributes/nhs_number.html	М	There should only be one submission per NHS number per submission window UMLESS there is a different Activity Date and Time. Validation breaches should result in an error and rejection	
12		The type of setting within which the prevention service is being delivered		1	Acute (Physical)	м		
3	INTERVENTION SETTING TYPE		an1	2	Mental health			
1		-		3	Maternity		For #1, only inpatient overnight stays (equivalent to	
5	LATINETY TYPE	The type of activity for the current episode of		<u> </u>	Admitted Patient Episode - Inpatient	٠	⊣	Intended Management = 1):
6	ACTIVITY TYPE	care (i.e. the one which lead to the patient's inclusion in this submission)	an1	2	Outpatient Clinic Attendance	м	https://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/attributes/intended_ma	
7		,		3	Community Care Contact		Dates/Timestamps not in the specified format will be	
8	ACTIVITY DATE AND TIME	The date and time of the activity for the current episode of care (i.e. the one which lead to the patient's inclusion in this submission)	max an25 (CCYY-MM- DDTHH:MM:SSZ)		https://www.datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_elements/emergency_care_treatment_ allocation_timestamp.html	М	rejected Do not reject - validation warning where not associated Spell/Prea/OP or Community Identifier	
9	HOSPITAL PROVIDER SPELL IDENTIFIER	The unique identifier for the Hospital Provider Spell which lead to the patient's inclusion in this submission	max an20		https://datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_elements/hospital_provider_spell_number.h tml?hl=hospital%2Cspell%2Cnumber	R	[Exactly] One of Hospital Spell Number, Pregnancy Identifier, Outpatient Attendance Identifier or Community Care Contact Identifier must be entered	
	PREGNANCY IDENTIFIER	The unique identifier for the maternity episode which lead to the patient's inclusion in this submission	max an36		https://datadictionary.nhs.uk/data_elements/pregnancy_identifier.html?hl=preg nancy%2Cidentifier	R	[Exactly] One of Hospital Spell Number, Pregnancy Identifier, Outpatient Attendance Identifier or Community Care Contact Identifier must be entered	
0		The unique identifier for the outpatient attendance					[Exactly] One of Hospital Spell Number, Pregnancy	



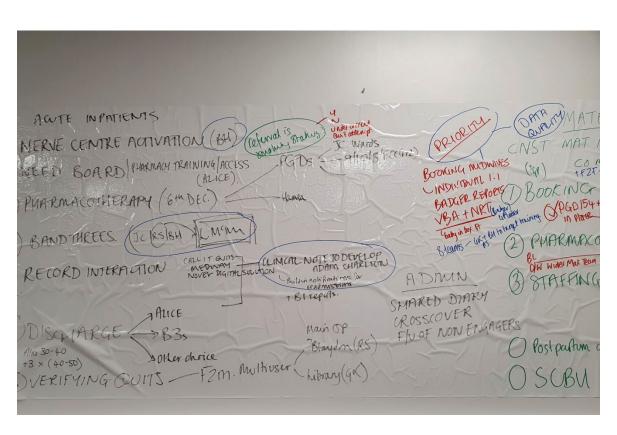
Key Stakeholders

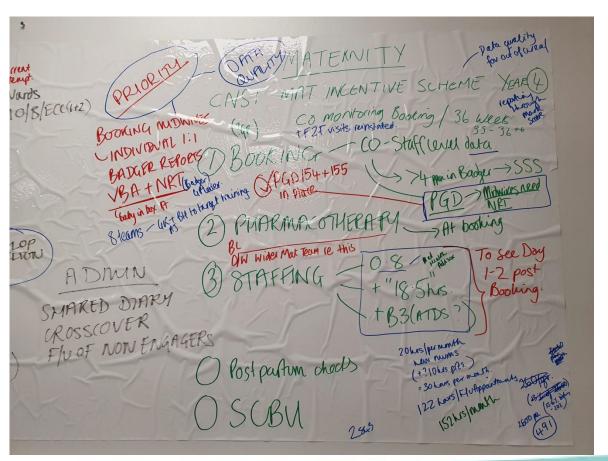




Future state







Implementation Plan



IMPLEMENTATION PLAN						OWNERSHIP KEY: O = Owner P = Participant I = Inform							
Activity #	Area	Task	Additional Information	Supporting Documents	Trust Project Lead	Senior	ICS Implementation Manager	Pharmacy	Patients	local authourity	Planned Start Date	Planned Completion Date	Status
Implement	ation Pre Go	Live Activities											
	ent Project Managem	Agree Project or Task Group Identify & Project Lead/Coordinator	group set up to include. Clinical lead, quality improvement lead, service line buisness uint lead, finance lead, pharmacy, QE facilities Clinical lead Dr Ruth Sharrock	Pre- Engagement	0	P	P	P	-		28/06/2021	28/06/2021	
3	Technical Delivery	Review of Digital data collection and digital processes for recording smokers admitted to the trust. Review of digital	Project lead Joanne Coleman Agree Technical Go Live with Nerve centre. Go Live Support with nerve	Pre- Engagement Assessemnt	0	1	•	I P					
		soloution for referral to service. Review of digital recording of interactions	centre including training and testing etc. Go love with ICE for referral.		0			•					



7	Business	Complete Pre	To baseline	Pre-							
		Engagement	where the Trust	Engagement							
		Assessment		Assessemnt							
			processes in								
			place and where	l	P		0				
			ICS can add	l							
			value in terms of	l							
			support	l							
	Business	Complete business	Include all								
	Readiness		financial	l							
			costings	l							
			including	l							
			staffing.	l	P	0		P			
			consumables,	l							
			IT, furniture.	l							
			NRT transport	l							
8	Business	Map Processes	Map current	Workflow							
	Readiness		processes and	Template	0		P	P			
			'to be' process								
4	Communic	Agree communication	Develop a	Communicati							
	ations &	plans	communication	on Plan							
	Engageme		plan setting out	template							
	nt		the way to		0	P	P	P			
			communicate	l							
			with key	l							
			stakeholders								
5	Communic	Implementation	Inform ICS	Communicati							
	ations &	Rollout agreed	Implementation	on Plan							
	Engageme		manager and	template							
	nt		key		0			P			
			stakeholders of	l							
			the plan and	l							
			date for Go Live								
		Inform relevant	The named lead								
		stakeholders and		on Plan							
	Engageme	impacted areas of		template							
	nt	online record	commitment	l							
		implementation	with Senior	l							
			Management	l	0	1 1					
			within the Trust,	l							
			key staff	I							
			alongside	I							
			external	l							
			stakeholders	I							

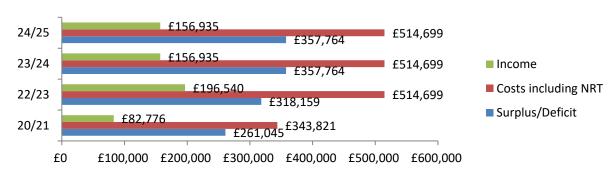


14	Training and education	Develop training materials	Ensure relevant materials are available for patients including information on accessing service and also local education materials	Business cards leaflets posters social media apps	o		1		P	1		
	Stop amoking hub	location of smoking cessation hub	Equipment for room including computers and furniture		o	ı	1					
		Develop recruitment plan	Vacancy control form	job description job advert	0		ı			ı		
16	Milestone	Go Live	Check point	I	0			P			T	
	Reporting	Verify Technical Go Live and successful implementation into Business as Usual (BAU)	Oneck point		0		1					
18	Milestone	Business Go Live (BGL)	Check point	Go-live check list	0	1	1	1	1	- 1		
19	Training and education	Roll out training: new starters, wider workforce/ stakeholders BAU (Downtime Processes)		SOP	o		P	P	P	Р		
tilisation												
	Reporting	Number of patientswith access stop smoking service		Reports from System	o		1					
	Reporting	Number of patients starting Quit attempt		Reports from System	0			P	P			
22	Reporting	Benefits - number of bed days reduced, number reduction in frequent atendances, feedback from patients		Benefits Realisation template Benefit Report Report	o		P		P	P		

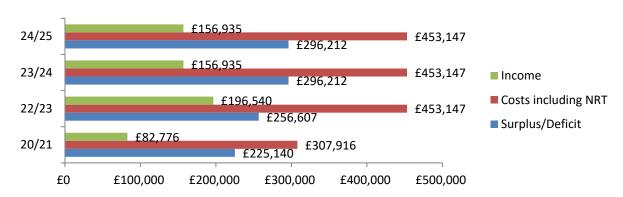
Business Case



Option 1

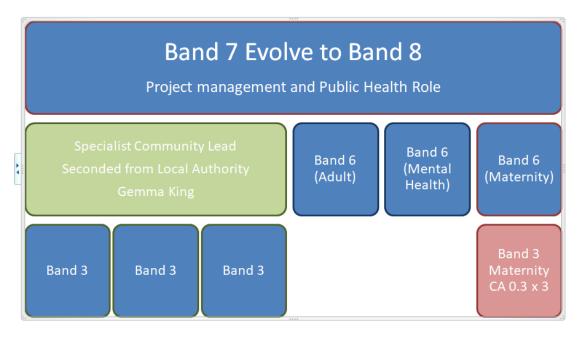


Option 2



Breathe Well Gateshead

Overview of Acute Tobacco Dependency service - Community + Secondary care



PDSA Cycles

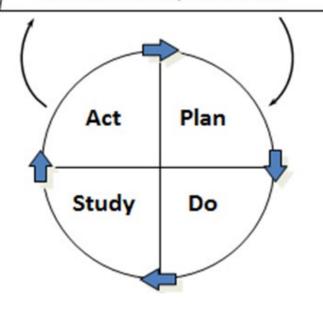


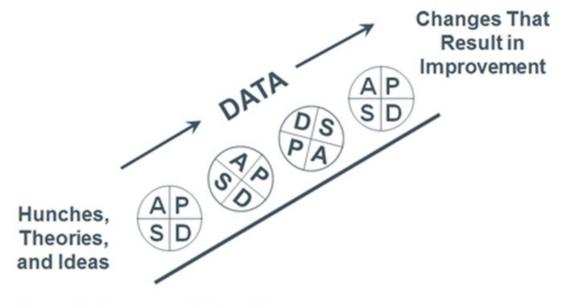
Model for Improvement

What are we trying to accomplish?

How will we know that a change is an improvement?

What change can we make that will result in improvement?





Source: The Improvement Guide, p. 103

The stop smoking Hub





Education and Training - Treating Tobacco Dependency

Speakers –

Melanie Perry, Project Manager BTS Tobacco Dependency Project melanie.perry@brit-thoracic.org.uk

Arran Woodhouse, Lead Tobacco Dependence Specialist, King's College Hospital NHS Foundation Trust & a member of the BTS Tobacco Special Advisory Group arranwoodhouse@nhs.net



What does optimal delivery of a service look like?

Important that services ensure every patient admitted to acute, mental health and maternity settings are;

- 1. Screened for smoking status
- 2. Opt-out referral to tobacco dependence advisor
- 3. Provided tailored behavioural support and pharmacotherapy as soon as possible
- 4. Provided with a discharge package including continuing/transfer of care to continued support

This must be embedded and sustained across all settings to achieve the long term health improvements set out by NHSE



All front-line healthcare staff should be suitably trained to deliver systematic treatment of tobacco dependency

Very Brief Advice Training (VBA)

Ensure all staff can access the most appropriate training available to gain the necessary skills to carry out VBA with every patient that smokes on admission

This can be made available through on-line or face-to-face training, NSCST provides guidance on training standards

IT systems

Ensure staff are trained to use the IT systems required to capture the patient's details regarding their smoking status as the Long Term Plan Delivery model supports an opt-out tobacco dependency treatment pathway for all inpatients

Prescribing

Ensure staff are aware of how to prescribe pharmacotherapy as a treatment method using the relevant prescribing protocols and in-line with NICE guidelines (NG209)

Referral

Ensure staff are aware of how to refer the patient to the Tobacco Dependency treatment team based within the trust for on-going support and follow-up on discharge

Key points

- Whole culture approach, new clinical discipline that requires high standard of care
- Chronic relapsing disease and medical management
- Encourage a positive approach, discourage a negative reaction, dispel previous attitudes
- Celebrate successes, create opportunities, feed back to demonstrate impact
- Non-judgemental approach is vital most people do not choose to smoke but do so because they are tobacco dependant
- Acknowledge role of dependence and importance of specialist treatment and support most will not be able to give up without this intervention
- It won't be effective unless staff are trained with the skills and confidence to recognise how important this is!







OBJECTIVES



PATIENTS

Offer **TDT** to every smoker admitted



TRAINING

Offer training to all staff to increase their understanding of tobacco addiction and treatment



RESOURCES

Develop brand identity and resources for patients and staff



DATA

Capture data about all smokers who **engage** with the project

Training provided by TDT



Training modules include:

- Very Brief Advice (VBA)
- Homely remedies policy trained nurses able to issue NRT without a prescription
- Ward Champions
- Advanced skills training

Training tailored to the staff group e.g. junior doctors, pharmacists or medical specialty.

Creative and proactive approach to training - offer support and training rather than waiting for them to come to us.





STAFF ENGAGEMENT

Consultants
Pharmacists
Nurses
Ward Staff
Doctors
Student Nurses
Physiotherapists
Scientist



TRAINING INTERVENTIONS

Weekly ward based training
Opportunistic learning
Informal discussions
Teaching sessions
Presentations
Shadowing
Team huddles
Telephone mentoring
MDT meetings

SUMMARY OF THE CHALLENGES



- COVID-19
- Ward staffing shortages
- Disruption to local Stop Smoking Services
- Staff attitude other aspects of health care given priority over treatment for tobacco dependence.
- Staff viewing smoking as a lifestyle choice rather than as an addiction.
- Reluctance to prescribe NRT
- Different patient cohorts across wards

Summary of what is working well



- Resources e.g. leaflets and posters
- Campaigns and marketing e.g. Stoptober, No smoking day, World COPD day
- Use internal comms to promote the team and their work
- Feedback to wards on performance and activity
- Health informatics dashboard
- A presence on the ward every day
- Utilising audits to help develop services, e.g. NRT prescribing levels
- Work with Learning & Development teams to ensure effective training delivery.
- Senior leads, clinical leads, nursing leads, matrons can help identify the key meetings to attend and identify 'champions'
- Flexible approach



IN PARTNERSHIP WITH



Many thanks for your time and attention

